# GREENHILL ACADEMY 

## PRIMARY ONE

## THEMATIC LESSON NOTES

FIRST TERM

## THEME: OUR SCHOOL

TOPIC: WHOLE NUMBERS
WEEK 2
LESSON: 1 Review
Counting numbers 1-100. (Orally)

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

REF: MK (New Edition) BK 1 page 49
MK (Old Edition) Bk 1 page 40

Lesson: 2
Filling in missing numbers 1-50

| 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  | 6 | 7 |  | 9 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 |  | 13 |  | 15 |  | 17 | 18 |  | 20 |
|  | 22 |  | 24 |  | 26 |  |  |  |  |
| 31 |  | 34 |  | 35 |  |  | 38 |  | 40 |
|  | 42 |  | 44 |  | 46 | 47 |  | 49 |  |

REF: MK (New Edition) Bk 1 page 49
MK (Old Edition) Bk 1 page 40
Lesson: 3
Numbers 51-100
Filling in missing numbers in a table

| 51 |  | 53 |  | 55 |  | 57 | 58 |  | 60 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 62 |  | 64 |  | 66 |  |  | 69 |  |
|  |  | 73 |  | 75 |  | 77 |  |  | 80 |

REF: MK (New Edition) Bk 1 page 49

MK (Old Edition) Bk 1 page 40
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| 81 | 82 |  | 84 |  | 86 |  | 88 | 89 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 92 |  |  | 95 |  | 97 |  |  | 10 <br> 0 |

## Lesson 4

## Numbers which come just before

-Numbers from 1-100

## Examples

## Question:

Which number comes just before?
$\qquad$ 5-6 comes just before 5.
$\qquad$ 10 - 9 comes just before 10

Activity: Write the numbers that come before.

1) $\qquad$ , 5
2) $\qquad$ 7
3) $\qquad$ , 49
4) $\qquad$ 10
5) $\qquad$ 4
6) $\qquad$ 18
7) $\qquad$ , 70
8) $\qquad$ , 60
9) $\qquad$ 93
10) 

$\qquad$ 88
11) $\qquad$ 91
12) $\qquad$ 3
13) $\qquad$ 9
14) $\qquad$ 100 15) $\qquad$ 21

REF: MK) Bk 1 page 13

## Lesson 5

## Numbers which come just after

Numbers from 0-100

## Examples

Question:
Which number comes just after?
2, $\qquad$ . $\mathbf{3}$ comes just after $\mathbf{2}$

4, $\qquad$ . $\mathbf{5}$ comes just after $\mathbf{4}$

Activity: Which number comes just after?

1) 7
2) 10
3) 15
4) 24
5) 35
6) 48

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7) 53
8) 61
9) 79
10) 79
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 11) } 3 & 12) \\ 80\end{array}$
13) 90
14) 99
15) 78
16) 29
17) 34
18) 6

REF: MK) Bk 1 page 13

## Lesson 6

## Numbers that are between others

-Numbers from 0-100

## Example

## Question:

What number comes between _ and _?
5, $\qquad$ 7 - $\mathbf{6}$ comes between 5 and 7.

48, $\qquad$ 50 - $\mathbf{4 9}$ comes between $\mathbf{4 8}$ and $\mathbf{5 0}$

Activity: Write numbers that come between the given ones.

1) 1 , $\qquad$ 3
2) 23 , $\qquad$ 25
3) 15 , $\qquad$ 17
4) 4, $\qquad$ 6
5) 97 , $\qquad$ 99
6) 9, $\qquad$ 11
7) 14 , $\qquad$ 16
8) 2, $\qquad$ 4
9) 27 , $\qquad$ 29 10) 8, $\qquad$ 10
10) 0, $\qquad$ 2 12) 67, $\qquad$ 69
11) 3, $\qquad$ 5
12) 79, $\qquad$ 81
13) 11, $\qquad$ 13 16) 12, $\qquad$ 14

## WEEK 3

## Lesson 1

- Counting objects



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(2OCOOOCOOCOOOOO=16
Activity:
(Prepared work on paper refer to Mtc. file )
REF: MK Bk 1 page 49, Primary MTC 2000 bk 1 pg 41 Pri. Sch. Mtc. Bk 1 pg 52

## Lesson: 2

- Matching pictures to numbers and vice versa.
e.g. $\square \boxminus \square \square$




4

12

Activity: counting and matching
(Prepared work on paper-refer to Mtc. File)

REF: MK Bk 1 page 11, 12, 14, 15, 16

## Lesson 3

## Comparing pairs of numbers up to 100

- using 'greater than' and 'less than' (bigger than/ smaller than)
- The greater number has more things and the less number has less or few things.
E.g. 9 and 3

e.g 9 and 3-9 is greater than/ bigger than 3 .
- 3 is less than/ smaller than 9.

Activity: A: which number is greater?

1) 4 and 10
2) 13 and 18
3) 14 and 9
4) 15 and 20
5) 17 and 29
6) 30 and 40
7) 80 and 18
8) 11 and 5

B: Which number is less?

1) 10 and 20
2) $\mathbf{2}$ and $\mathbf{1}$
3) 5 and 8
4) $\mathbf{3 7}$ and 17
5) 18 and 28
6) 70 and 51
7) 3 and 27
8) 45 and 15

REF: MK) Bk 1 page 13

## Lesson 4

## Comparing numbers using least/ smallest

-The least/smallest number in a group of numbers is that one with the fewest things or items.
E.g.


2 is the least/ smallest.
Activity: Which number is the least/smallest?
Circle the least /smallest number.

1) $3,5,4$
2) $12,9,20$
3) $9,13,2,12$
4) $90,18,6$
5) $94,76,50,0$
6) $10,20,30$
7) $6,1,8,3$,
8) $11,10,4,9$
9) $22,33,44$,
10) $8,6,4,2$
11) $1,3,5,7$
12) $12,9,6,3$

## Lesson 5

## Arranging numbers beginning with the smallest (least) - (ascending order)

-The least/smallest number in a group of numbers is that one with the fewest things or items. $3^{\text {rd }} 1^{\text {st }} \quad 2^{\text {nd }}$
e.g. $735=3,5,7$


Activity: Arrange the numbers starting with the least/ smallest.
a) 8, 3, 6
b) 6, 1, 2
c) $10,6,0,4$
d) $12,18,15,10$
e) $19,26,20,17$
f) $\mathbf{3 0}, 50,20,40$
g) $42,77,65,36$
h) $28,18,48,58$
i) $11,21,1,31$
j) $91,81,92,72$

Ref: Teacher's own collection

## Lesson: 6

## Arranging numbers beginning with the biggest (greatest) - (descending order)

The greatest / biggest number in a group of numbers is that one with most (many) things or items.


Activity: Arrange numbers beginning with the biggest.
a) $18,15,16,14$
b) $2,4,3,5$
c) $9,7,5$
d) $7,8,15,6$
e) $33,23,43,53$
f) $80,60,70$
g) $14,74,11$
h) $24,44,74,14$

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i) $6,3,9,4$
j) 2, 1, 0, 6, 9
k) $9.8,7,6$
l) $21,22,23,24,25$

Ref: Teacher's own collection

## WEEK 4

Lesson: 1

## TOPIC: PLACE VALUES

## Tens and Ones

- The ones start from 0 to 9 e.g $\mid=1$ one $|\mid=2$ ones

$$
|\mid=3 \text { ones }||\mid=4 \text { ones }
$$

- The ones have only one figure or digit. (e.g. 3, 5, 6, etc...)
- We don't tie a bundle when the sticks are less than ten.

Activity: Drawing and counting the ones
a. $6=$ $\qquad$ e. $1=$
$\qquad$ i. $4=$ $\qquad$
b. $3=$ $\qquad$ f. $9=$ $\qquad$
c. $8=$ $\qquad$ g. $7=$ $\qquad$
d. $2=$ $\qquad$ h. $5=$ $\qquad$
Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 41-46 Oxford Pr. Mtc Bk 1 pg 22-23

## Lesson: 2

- The tens


$$
1 \text { ten = } 10
$$



2 tens $=20$
Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 41-46
Oxford Pr. Mtc Bk 1 pg 22 23

- The Tens have 2 figures or digits. (e.g. 10, 3040,71 , etc...)

Activity:
Practical lesson - counting and tying bundles of tens using sticks / straws

## Lesson: 3

## Tens and Ones

- Drawing tens and Ones e.g.


1 ten 1 one = 11


1 ten 2 ones = 12
etc.

Activity: Drawing tens and ones
a. $10=$ $\qquad$ f. $20=$ $\qquad$
b. $25=$ $\qquad$ g. $19=$ $\qquad$
c. $34=$ $\qquad$ h. $8=$ $\qquad$
d. $12=$ $\qquad$ i. $60=$ $\qquad$
e. $42=$ $\qquad$ j. $93=$ $\qquad$
Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 41-46 Oxford Pr. Mtc Bk 1 pg 22 23
(Refer to the mtc. File for more practice)

## Lesson: 4

## Activity: Filling in Tens and Ones

## Tens and Ones

- Filling in tens and ones e.g.
a. $10=$ $\qquad$ tens $\qquad$ ones
b. $\qquad$ $=2$ tens 3 ones
$24=$ $\qquad$ tens $\qquad$ ones
c. $78=$ $\qquad$ tens 8 ones
$\qquad$ = 5 tens 7 ones
d. $=9$ tens 4 ones
e. $95=$ $\qquad$ tens $\qquad$ ones
f. $30=$ $\qquad$ tens $\qquad$ ones
(Refer to the mtc. File for more practice)
Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 52, Bk 2 pg 15

Lesson:5
Tens and Ones

## - The abacus

- Representing numbers on the abacus. E.g.


Activity: Drawing and filling the abacus (Refer to the mtc. File for an activity)

Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 54-55 (New addition) : MK Bk 2 pg 16-17
MK Bk 1 pg 74-76

## Lesson: 6

## Expanded form

- Reading and writing numbers in expanded form
e.g. $10=H|H| H \mid H$
$10+0$

$20+4$

Activity: Writing numbers in expanded form (Refer to the mtc. File for an activity)

## WEEK 5

Lesson 1
What number has been expanded?
Examples: $20+3=\underline{23} \quad 60+6=\underline{66}$
Activity: Write the number that has been expanded. (Refer to the mtc. File for more practice)
$10+5=$ $\qquad$
$50+1=$ $\qquad$
$30+9=$ $\qquad$
$20+6=$ $\qquad$
$10+4=$ $\qquad$
Ref: MK Bk 2 pg 36-37

## Lesson 2

## Number names (0-9) Reviewing Pre - Primary work

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The ones (0-9)
e.g 0 - zero
4 - four
8 -eight
1 -one $\quad 5$-five
9 - nine
2 -†wo
6 - six
3 -three 7 -seven

Activity: reading, spelling, writing in words or figures

## A.

a. 7 $\qquad$ f. 4 $\qquad$ a. eight - $\qquad$
f. zero - $\qquad$
b. 5 $\qquad$ g. 3 $\qquad$ b. six - $\qquad$ g. one $\qquad$
c. 2 $\qquad$
h. 1 $\qquad$
c. two - $\qquad$ h. four - $\qquad$
d. 0 $\qquad$ i. 6 $\qquad$ d. three - $\qquad$ i. seven - __
e. 9 $\qquad$ j. 8 $\qquad$ e. nine - $\qquad$ j. five - $\qquad$

Ref: understanding MTC Bk 1 pg 21-23
MK BK 1 New Edition pg 41-42
Macmillan Resources for Thematic Bk 1 pg 61
Lesson:3
The teens (10-19)
e.g. 10 - ten
14 - fourteen
18 - eighteen
11 - eleven
15 - fifteen
19 - nineteen
12 - twelve
16 - sixteen
13 - thirteen
17 - seventeen

Activity: reading, spelling, writing in words or figures, matching
(Refer to the mtc. File for more practice)

Ref: understanding MTC Bk 1 pg 21-23
MK Bk 1 New Edition pg 41-42
Macmillan Resources for Thematic Bk 1 pg 61

## Lesson:4

The tens (10, 20, 30, 40-90)

- One hundred (100)

| e.g. $\mathbf{1 0}$ - ten | 60 - sixty |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ - twenty |  |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ - thirty | $\mathbf{7 0}$ - seventy |
|  | 80 - eighty |$\quad$ one hundred (a hundred) $=100$

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$$
\begin{aligned}
& 40 \text { - forty } \quad 90 \text { - ninety } \\
& 50 \text { - fifty }
\end{aligned}
$$

Activity: reading, spelling, writing in words or figures, matching
(Refer to the mtc. File for more practice)

Ref: understanding MTC Bk 1 pg 21-23
MK Bk 1 New Edition pg 41-42
Macmillan Resources for Thematic Bk 1 pg 61

Lesson: 6
Revision exercise on number names (0-100)
Mixed exercise (the ones, teens and tens)
e.g. three, eight, thirteen, sixteen, forty ,twenty- eight, fifty-seven etc....

Activity: spelling, reading and writing the figures or words

Ref: understanding MTC Bk 1 pg 21-23
MK BK 1 New Edition pg 41-42
Macmillan Resources for Thematic Bk 1 pg 61

WEEK 6
Lesson 1
Ordering numbers $1^{\text {st }}-20^{\text {th }}$
(words
First, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, fifteenth
Eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth

## (figures)

$1^{\text {st }} 2^{\text {nd }} 3$ rd 4 th $5^{\text {th }} 6^{\text {th }} 7^{\text {th }} 8^{\text {th }} 9^{\text {th }} 10$ th
$11^{\text {th }} 12^{\text {th }} 13^{\text {th }} 14^{\text {th }} 15^{\text {th }} 16^{\text {th }} 17^{\text {th }} 18^{\text {th }} 19^{\text {th }} 20$ th

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Activity: Match the words to the figures correctly

| third | $2^{\text {nd }}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| twentieth | $4^{\text {th }}$ |
| sixth | $9^{\text {th }}$ |
| fifth | $3^{\text {rd }}$ |
| first | $6^{\text {th }}$ |
| ninth | $1^{\text {st }}$ |
| second | $\mathbf{2 0}^{\text {th }}$ |
| fourth | $5^{\text {th }}$ |

(Refer to the mtc. File for more practice)
REF: MK.bk 2 pg 16-17 bk 1 pg 74-76

## OPERATIONS

## Lessons 2

## Zero concept:

## Adding zero to a number

Any number plus zero is that number.
Examples:
$5+0=5$
$8+0=8$
$12+0=12$
$20+0=20$

## Exercise

$4+0=$
$15+0=$
$7+0=$
$30+0=$
Add more numbers for practice.
Lesson3

## Adding a number to zero

Zero plus any number is that number.
Examples:
$0+2=2$
$0+6=6$

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$0+10=10$ $0+24=24$
Exercise
$0+9=$
$0+3=$
$0+20=$
$0+14=$
Add more numbers for practice.

## Lesson: 4

Subtracting zero from a number.
Any number minus /take away zero is that number.

## Examples:

$6-0=6$
$12-0=12$
$28-0=28$

## Exercise

$7-0=$
$2-0=$
$9-0=$
30-0
Add more numbers for practice.

## Lesson: 5

## Multiplying by zero

## Any number times 0 is $\mathbf{0}$ ( $\mathbf{0}$ groups of any number is 0 )

$0 \times 2=0$
$3 \times 0=0$
$0 \times 8=0$

## Exercise

## Multiply

| $0 \times 5=$ | $0 \times 10=$ | $0 \times 12=$ | $15 \times 0=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $0 \times 1=$ | $9 \times 0=$ | $0 \times 7=$ | $0 \times 13=$ |
| $0 \times 20=$ | $63 \times 0=$ | $4 \times 0=$ | $5 \times 0=$ |

## Add more numbers for practice.

## Lesson: 6

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- Adding numbers less than 20 both horizontally and vertically.
- adding and counting


40000 $\frac{+6}{10} 000000$

Activity: Add correctly.
A 1) $2+7=$
2) $9+6=$
3) $13+6=$
4) $1+4+5=$
5) $3+3+2=$
B 1) 8
2) 3
3) 12
4) 2
5) 1
6) 16
$+1$
$+5$
$+\quad 4$
$2 \quad 4$
$+\frac{+2}{3}$ $=\quad+\quad+2$
$+3$

Ref: Understanding MTC Bk 1 pg 32, 33, 34
Macmillan MTC Practice Bk 1 pg 25
MK Bk 1 pg 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34
Primary sch. MTC Bk 1 pg 34-35

Lesson: 6

## Word problems involving addition

- Reading, interpreting, adding, writing, forming word problems.
e.g. a) 1 house +2 houses $=$ $\qquad$ houses
a) Mummy has 5 bananas. Daddy has 3 bananas.

How many bananas do they have altogether?
$=5+3$ = $\qquad$
They have $\qquad$ bananas altogether.

Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 29- 30, Bk 2 pg 35.

## WEEK 7

Lesson 1

## Adding numbers less than 20 on a number line

- Drawing a number line
- Adding numbers on a number line
e.g. $6+3=$ $\qquad$


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Powered by: -iToschool- | www.schoolporto.com | System developed by: lule 0752697211 Activity: Add these numbers on a number line

1) $3+6=$
2) $\mathbf{2}+7=$
3) $9+1=$
4) $4+5=$
5) $5+2=$ 6) $3+2=$

Lesson: 2
Writing statements from the given number lines.
Example;


Ref: Teacher's own collection (Refer to the mtc. File for more exercises)

## Lesson:3

## Addition of Tens and Ones

- Adding 1 digit number to 2 digits (without re -grouping).


## Examples



Activity: Re - arranging the sums in Tens and Ones and adding correctly. (Refer to the mtc. File for more exercises

Ref: MK Bk 2 pg 34
Pr. Sch. MTC Bk 2 pg 19, 20

## Lesson: 4

Addition of Tens and Ones

- Adding 2 digit numbers to 2 digits (without re -grouping).


| $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 4 |
| +3 | 1 |
| 6 | 5 |

Activity: Re - arranging the sums in Tens and Ones and adding correctly.
(Refer to the mtc. File for more exercises
Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 77-78(Old edition) pg 56(New edition)
MK Bk 2

## Lesson:5

## Addition of Tens and Ones

- Word problems involving addition of Tens and Ones
e.g. a) Jane has 13 eggs. Ruth has 4 eggs. How many eggs do they have altogether? $=13+4=$
1

1 $\quad$| 3 |
| ---: |
| $+\quad 4$ |
| $+\quad 1$ |

They have 17 eggs altogether.
b) James has 22 oranges. Ann has 15 oranges. How many oranges do they have altogether?
$=22+15=$

| $\mathbf{T}$ | 0 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 2 |
| $+\quad 1$ | 5 |
| 3 | 7 |

They have 37 oranges altogether.
Activity: Re - arranging the sums in Tens and Ones and adding correctly.
(Refer to the mtc. File for more exercises
Ref: MK Bk 2 pg 35
Lesson: 6

> Operations of number (subtraction)

- Subtraction of numbers less than 20 both vertically and horizontally
- Subtracting and counting
e.g.
$\bigcirc \varnothing^{6-4}=$


Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 69-70 (New edition)
MK BK 1 pg 32-33 (Old edition)

## WEEK 8

## Lesson: 1

Word problems involving subtraction

- Reading, interpreting, subtracting, writing, forming word problems.
e.g. a) 2 mats - 1 mat = $\qquad$ mat
b) James had 8 shirts. He gave 4 shirts to Peter. How many shirts remained? $=8-4=$
$\qquad$ . He remained with $\qquad$ shirts.

Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 71-72 (New edition)
MK BK 1 pg 34 (Old edition)

## Lesson: 2

## Subtraction of Tens and Ones

- Subtracting 1 digit number from 2 digits (without re -grouping).
TO O
TO O
e.g. a) 3-6-4 = $\underline{32}$
b) 8 5-3 = $\underline{82}$ Ref: Pr. Sch MTC bk 2 pg 21
Bk 2 pg 66

| $T$ | 0 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 3 | 6 |
| - | 4 |
| 3 | 2 |


| $\mathbf{T}$ | 0 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 8 | 5 |
| - | 3 |
| 8 | 2 |

Activity: Re - arranging the sums in Tens and Ones and subtracting correctly.

## Lesson: 3

- Subtracting 2 digit numbers from 2 digits (without re -grouping).
TO TO
T O TO
e.g. a) 52-1 2 = 40
b) 3 5-3 $3=\underline{2}$

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| T | 0 |
| ---: | :---: |
| 5 | 2 |
| $-\quad 1$ | 2 |
| 4 | 0 |


| T | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 5 |
| 3 | 3 |
| 0 | 2 |

Activity: $\operatorname{Re}$ - arranging the sums in Tens and Ones and subtracting correctly.
Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 73(New edition), Oxford Pr. MTC Bk 1 pg 40, 41
MK Bk 2 pg 59, Pr. Sch. MTC Bk 2 pg 22

## Lesson:4

Subtraction of Tens and Ones

- Word problems involving subtraction of Tens and Ones
e.g. a) Tim has 25 mangoes. 4 of them are raw. How many mangoes are ripe? 25 - 4 = $\qquad$

| $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 5 |
| - | 4 |
| 2 | 1 |

There are $\mathbf{2 1}$ ripe mangoes.
b) Joy had 44 books. She gave 10 books to her teacher. How many books did she remain with? $=44-10=$ $\qquad$

| T | O |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 4 |  |
| -1 | 0 |  |
| 3 | 4 | She remained with 34 books. |

Activity: Re - arranging the sums in Tens and Ones and adding correctly.
Ref: MK Bk 2 pg 62, bk 1 pg 72

## Lesson: 5

## Subtracting numbers less than 20 on a number line

- Drawing a number line

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- Subtracting numbers on a number line e.g. 6-2 = $\qquad$ 4


Activity: Subtract these numbers on a number line

1) $8-4=$
2) $7-2=$
3) $9-4=$
4) $12-8=$
5) $5-2=$
6) $10-3=$

Lesson: 6
Write statements from the given number lines
(Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc file)

## Ref: Teacher's own collection

## WEEK 9

Lesson: 1
IOPIC: SETS
-Meaning: A set is a collection of well defined members.

- Sorting / identifying sets practically
- Forming sets e.g.


A set of five boxes


A set of three tins.

Activity: 1. Name the sets drawn.
2. Draw the sets given.

Ref: Macmillan Mtc Bk 1 pg 1, 3, 4
MK Bk 1 pg 14, 15, 16
MK Bk 2 pg 1

## Lesson:2

Matching sets (things we use in the classroom)


Ref: MK Bk 2 page 3 -4, MK.bk 3 pg 14

## (Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc file)

## Lesson:3

## Comparing sets

- counting objects
- comparing objects

Set $A$

set $B$


## Questions:

1. How many members has set $\mathbf{A}$ ? Set $\mathbf{A}$ has 4 members.
2. How many members has set $\mathbf{B}$ ? Set B has $\mathbf{6}$ members.
3. Which set has more members?

Set $\mathbf{B}$ has more members.
4. Which set has less (fewer) members?

Set $\mathbf{A}$ has less (fewer) members than set $B$.

Ref: MK BK 2 page 6, prepared work on paper. (Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc file)

## Lesson:4

## Forming new sets from the big ones



Ref: Pr. MTC for Uganda Bk 1 pg 2 - 3 Oxford Pr. MTC Bk 1 pg. 2-3
MK Bk 2 pg 5

## Lesson 5

## An empty set

- Meaning: An empty set is a set without members.
E.g. A set of lions in Greenhill Academy

A set of boys with 4 heads each. Etc....

## The concept of an empty set

## Definition - An empty set is without members(elements)

Examples of an empty set:
A set of cups dancing
A set of girls with 5 legs
A set of tables walking
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## Exercise

## Write true or false

a) A set of plates jumping. $\qquad$
b) A set of girls singing. $\qquad$
c) A set of boys with horns. $\qquad$
d) A set of trees talking. $\qquad$
e) A set of goats eating grass. $\qquad$

## Ref: teacher's own collection

## Lesson 6

## Joining sets

- Drawing, adding and counting. E.g.

3

$+\quad 2$



2
$=$

(Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc file for the activity

Ref: Mk Bk 1 pg 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 31, 32, 33, 34
Understanding Mtc Bk 1 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, bk 2 pg 5

## WEEK 10

Lesson: 1

## Numeration system

## Number patterns and sequence

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- Patterns of 2,5 and 10
a)
e.g. $\underbrace{+2+2+2}_{2,6,8,}$ $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
Lesson: $45 \quad+5 \quad+5 \quad+5$

Lesson: 2
c) $10,20,30,40,50$, $\qquad$ ,

Activity: Completing the number sequences given in the references below. (Patterns of 2,5 and 10 only)
(Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc file)

Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 79 (New edition)
MK Bk 2 pg 121

## Lesson:3

## GEOMETRY

Shapes

- Drawing and naming the basic shapes. E.g.

rectangle

circle

Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 89 (New edition), Bk 2 pg 70-72

triangle
square


oval kite

## Shapes

- Naming shapes of objects

Activity: Name the shapes of the parts shown


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B - $\qquad$
C - $\qquad$

D - $\qquad$


1 - $\qquad$ 3 - $\qquad$ 5 - $\qquad$
$2-$ $\qquad$ 4 - $\qquad$ $6-$ $\qquad$
(Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc file)

Ref: MK Bk 1 pg 89 (New edition), Bk 2 pg 70-72

## Lesson 4

## Shapes of objects

- Objects with the shape of a triangle. E.g.

| Milk packet | Roof tops | samosa |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

-Objects with the shape of a rectangle and square. E.g.

| box | window | door | table -top |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

- Objects with the shape of a circle. E.g.
ball water -melon

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|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Ref: Trs' own collection, Pr. Sch. Mtc Bk 1 pg 69

- Lesson 5
- Number families in addition
- The two addends of the given numbers e.g.

What two numbers can be added to get 2?
Working: list all the numbers that less than 2 to 2
(0, 1, 2)
$=\mathbf{0}+\underline{2}=\mathbf{2} \bigcirc \bigcirc \quad$ Activity: What two numbers add up to: 4, 5, and 6?
$1+1=2 \bigcirc \varnothing$
$2+\underline{0}=2 \varnothing \varnothing$
Ref: MK Bk 1 (old edition) pg
What numbers add up to 3 ?
(Numbers less than or equal to 3 )
(0.1, 2, 3)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{0}+\underline{\mathbf{3}}=\mathbf{3} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \quad \mathbf{3 + \underline { 0 }}=Q \bigcirc Q \\
& \mathbf{1}+\underline{\mathbf{2}}=\mathbf{3} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\
& \mathbf{2}+\underline{1}=\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc
\end{aligned}
$$

Activity: (Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc. File)

## Lesson 6

## Family numbers in addition

- Pairs of numbers that add to 7, 8, 9, 10
- E.g. ( follow the working in examples given in the previous lesson)
$0+7=7$
$1+6=7$
$2+5=7$
$3+4=7$
$4+3=7$
$5+2=7$
$6+1=7$
$7+0=7$
Activity: (Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc. File)

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## Ref: MK Bk 1 (Old edition) pg 52)

## WEEK 11

Lesson 1
Missing addends with numbers 1 - 10
Examples: a) $\begin{gathered}2 \\ 20 \\ \\ 08\end{gathered}$
b) $3+\square=4 \bigcirc \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$
c) $5+3=8$
= 8-5
$000 \varnothing 8 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$
$=3$

Activity: is given in MK Bk 1 pg 111-114.
(Refer to the prepared work in the Mtc. File)

Ref: MK Bk 1 pg111-114
Macmillan Mtc practice Bk 1 pg 69, 70

END

