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## P. 3 TERM TWO MATHEMATICS LESSON NOTES <br> TOPIC NUMBER PATTERNS AND SEQUENCES

## Period 1

## Content

$2^{\text {nd }}$ Finding the missing numbers

1. Examples:


Find the value of $a$ and $c$
$a+7=12$
$a=12-7$
$a=5$
$c+3=12$
$c=12-3$
$\mathrm{c}=9$
TRIAL NUMBERS
A. Find the value of
b ----------------
d.........................

## Exercise

Find the missing numbers



17
a ....................
b $\qquad$
c ...................
b
d...................

10
d
2.

$\qquad$
b ..................
c....................
d..................
e ..................

## Ref pg: 81

## Period 3 and 4

## Find the missing numbers

## Example

$\square+2=9$
(2) $x+4=5$

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$\square=9-2$
$\mathrm{x}=5-4$
$\mathrm{x}=1$

## Trial numbers

1. 

$\square+6=15$
2. $\mathrm{Y}+7=20$

## Exercise

Find the missing numbers
$\begin{array}{ll}1 & \square+2=5 \\ 2 & \square+12=18\end{array}$
5

$$
x+5=10
$$

3. $\square+9=14$
$4 \quad \square+5=12$
$6 \quad \mathrm{~m}+6=17$

## PERIOD 5AND 6

CONTENT


$$
X=25-8
$$

$$
\mathrm{X}=17
$$

$$
\mathrm{Y}=25-7
$$

$$
\mathrm{Y}=18
$$

## TRIAL NUMBER

Find the value of :
a. $\qquad$
d $\qquad$ exercise

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Find the value of
$\qquad$ b. $\qquad$
$\qquad$ d........................ ref:pg81

## Period 7\&8

## Content

Finding missing numbers

$4 x-2=8$
$4 \times 10=40$

## Trial numbers

```
\(4 \times 5=\)
``` \(\qquad\)
```

$$
4 \times 7=
$$

```
\(\qquad\)

Exercise: find the missing numbers in the wheel
1.

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2.


Ref: mk ppbk3pg:82

Work2: period 9\&10.pg84
Finding the missing number
\(3 x 4=12\)
\(3 \times 4=12\)
\(3 \mathrm{x} \square=12\)
Solution
\(3 \div 3 \mathrm{x} \square=12 \div 3\)
\(\square=4\)
Trial numbers
\(\square \mathrm{X} 3=9\)

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\[
\square \mathrm{X} 2=8
\]

\section*{Exercise}
i. \(2 \times 5=\square\)
ii. \(\quad 3 x \square=15\)
iii. \(\quad 4 \mathrm{x} \square=8\)
iv. \(\square \times 7=14\)
v. \(\square \mathrm{X} 6=12\)

\section*{Work 3 period 1 pg 84}

\section*{Counting in twos}

\section*{Example}
\(\oslash \oslash \quad 1\) group of \(2=2\)
\(\oslash \oslash\)
\(\varnothing\) Ø Two groups of 2=4

Trial numbers
1. \(\varnothing \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing ~\) ---------- Groups of ----------- =6


\section*{Exercise}


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4. ○○○○○○○○○○○○ = -------- groups of------------=

\section*{Work 3 period 2\&3 pg 84}

\section*{Counting in three and four(s)}

1 threes \(=3\)
2 threes \(=3+3=6\)


\section*{Example 2}

1 fours \(=4\)
2 fours \(\quad 4+4=8\)
\(0 \bigcirc 0\) OOO Groups of fours \(=8\)

\section*{Trial numbers}
1.

1.

= ------ group of ----- = -------
2.

3.
4. Complete


3, 6, 9, 12, \(\qquad\) ,
5. Complete
\(0,4,8\), \(\qquad\) -

\section*{Work period 4, 5, and 6}

\section*{Counting in fives and tens}

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a. 1 fives \(=5\)

2 fives \(=5+5=10\)
(8) 8

\section*{Example2}

1 tens \(=10\)
\(\mathrm{HHHH}=10\)
2 Tens \(==10+10=20\)
\[
\mathrm{HHHHWH} \mathrm{HHHHH} \quad=2 \text { groups of tens }=20
\]

\section*{Exercise}
1.
2.

3. A kello has five figures in one hand, how many figure does she have in 2 hands?
4. Complete
\(0,5,10\), \(\qquad\) ,20,
5.

HHHHHH HHHHHH HHHHY--------- groups --------=----------
6. Fill in the missing numbers \(0,10,-----, 30,----, 50\),
\[
\begin{array}{r}
0+2=2 \\
2+2=4 \\
4+2=6 \\
6+2=8
\end{array}
\]

Work 3 period 7\&8pg-89
Finding more on missing numbers
Example :
1. \(0,2,4,6, \underline{8}\)
2. \(1,2,3,4, \underline{5}\)

\section*{Trial numbers}

0, 3, 6,9, ------
Exercise
Fin the missing numbers

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1. \(0,5,10,--------, 20,------\)
a------
b ------------- d ------
2. \(10,20,30\)------, -----------
3. \(4,8,12,-----\)
4. \(1,3,5,-----9,----\)

Work period 9\&10 pg 87

\section*{Addition in magic square}

\section*{Work period 1 and 2 pg. 89}

\section*{Multiplying by two, threes, and fours}

\section*{Example}
\(=2 \times 2=4\)
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline 7 & 0 & 5 \\
\hline & & \\
\hline b & 4 & a \\
\hline 3 & c & 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

NB first find the sum of 3 squares in line
\(7+0+5=12\)
\(a+5+1=12\)
\(a+6=12\)
\(a=6\)
\(b+10+7=12\)
\(b+17=12\)
\(\mathrm{b}=2\)

\section*{Trial numbers}

Find the value of \(c\)
Exercise
Find the missing numbers
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline 4 & \(y\) & 5 \\
\hline 2 & 4 & 6 \\
\hline 3 & 8 & \(x\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

X= ----------
\(Y=\) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline 2 & 9 & a \\
\hline 7 & b & 3 \\
\hline 6 & c & d \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{TRIAL NUMBERS}
A. list all the counting numbers less than 10
B. Write down the whole numbers from 0 9.
i. Exercise
ii. i. list down all the whole the numbers less than 15
iii. list the counting numbers between the
iv. \(\quad \begin{aligned} 5 & \& \\ A & =\{\text { whole numbers less than } 20\}\end{aligned}\)
v. \(B=\{\) all counting numbers less than 5\(\}\)

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a. List down all elements of set \(p\)
vi.
a. Write all members of set A
b. List down all members of set B
c. How many members are in set B
d. Find set AnB
e. which set has more members

\section*{WORK 4 PERIOD 6\&7}

Odd numbers and even numbers
Odd numbers: are numbers when divided by you getting 1 as a reminder.

Even numbers are numbers which are divisible by two.
\(0,2,4,6,8\), -------------

\section*{Trial numbers}
a. List down all even numbers from 6-14.
b. List the odd numbers from 11-21

Exercise
1. List down all the odd numbers between 6 and 13
2. List down all even numbers between-10and 20
3. \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Set } \\ & 10\end{aligned} \mathrm{P}=\{\) all odd numbers less than \(\}\)

\section*{TOPIC 2 FRACTIONS \\ WORK4 PERIOD 8-9 PG 95}

Naming fractions
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
Write & \begin{tabular}{l} 
read \\
one whole or \\
awhole
\end{tabular}
\end{tabular}

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\(\square\)

\section*{Work period 10 pg 96}

\section*{Drawing and shading fractions}

\section*{Example}
\[
1 / 3=
\]
one fifth or a fifth

one sixth or a sixth

\section*{Example 2}
\(3 / 5=\)

\section*{Exercise}

Draw and shade the following fractions
1. \(1 / 4\)
(2.) \(3 / 7\)
(3) \(4 / 10\)
\(4 \quad 2 / 5\)
(5)

Work 5 period 2 pg 97-98]

\section*{Numbering shaded and un shaded fraction}
\(\square\) Which fraction is shaded?

\section*{Example 2}

Name the

un shaded fraction

\section*{Trial number}

3/5 = -----------------------------------------------
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Powered by: -iToschool- | www.schoolporto.com | System developed by: lule 0752697211 1.

Name the un shaded fraction
2.


Name the shaded fraction

\section*{Exercise}
\[
2 / 5
\]

.
\(4 / 5\)

1.


Which fraction is un shaded
\[
1 / 6
\]


\section*{Wok 5 period 4 pg 99}

\section*{Comparing fractions using bigger than, smaller than}

\section*{Example}
\(\backslash 1 / 2\) is bigger than \(1 / 4\)

a. Whish fraction is shaded
b. Which fraction is un shaded

Work 5 period 3 pg 98
Shading fraction \(s\)
Example
Shade \(2 / 5\)

\(1 / 3\) is smaller than \(1 / 2\)


\section*{Exercise}

Compare the following fraction using bigger and smaller
½ ------------------- 1
1/3--------------1/4
1/3 ---------------- 1/5

\section*{Trial number}

Shade \(3 / 8\)


\section*{Exercise}
\(1 / 2\)


Work period 5 pg99-100
Comparing fraction using greater than and Less than Example
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\(1 / 2\) is greater than \(1 / 3\)

1. Add \(2 / 6+3 / 6=2+3\)
2. Add \(1 / 7+2 / 7=1+2=3 / 7\)

7
\(1 / 4\) is less than \(1 / 2\)


\section*{Exercise}

Compare the following fractions using greater than and less than
```

1/3is -------------------1/2
1/4 is ----------------- 1/5
1/10is------------------ 1/6

```

Work 5 period 6 comparing fractions using
><or =

Example
\(1 / 4 \ll 1^{1 / 3}\)


\section*{Trial numbers}


\section*{Exercise}
1. \(2 / 4\)----------------- \(1 / 2\)
2. \(1 / 3\)----------------1/4
3. \(1 / 5\)----------------- \(1 / 2\)
4. \(1 / 6\)------------------- \(1 / 10\)

Trial number
I. \(2 / 10+7 / 7=\)
II. \(3 / 5^{+1 / 5}=\)

\section*{Exercise}
1. \(3 / 10+4 / 10=-----\)
2. \(4 / 9+3 / 9=\) \(\qquad\)
3. \(7 / 15+6 / 15=\) \(\qquad\)
4. \(9 / 20+5 / 20=------\)
5. \(3 / 8+4 / 8=\) \(\qquad\)
Work 5 period 9 and 10
Word problems involving addition in

\section*{fraction}

Find the sum of \(7 / 11\) and \(2 / 11\)
1. \(7 / 11+2 / 11=9 / 11\)
2. Jane dug \(3 / 10\) on Monday and \(2 / 10\) on Tuesday. What fraction did she dig

Monday \(=3 / 10\)
Tuesday \(=2 / 10\)
\(3 / 10+2 / 10=3+2 / 10=5 / 10\)

\section*{Trial number}

Monica ate \(2 / 5\) of her cake in the morning and \(1 / 5\) in the evening. What fraction of the cake did she eat altogether?

\section*{Exercise}
1. Nyaweeka ate \({ }^{3 / 15}\) of her sugarcane in the afternoon and

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\(10 / 15\) in the evening which fraction of the sugarcane did she altogether
2. Find the sum of \({ }^{7} / 12\) and \(4 / 12\)
3. I walked \(4 / 9\) of the journey and ran \(3 / 9\) of it. What fraction did I cover altogether

\section*{Work 6period 1 \& 2 pg 105-107}

\section*{Subtraction of fractions}
a. \(5 / 9-3 / 9=5-3 / 9=2 / 9\)
b. \(6 / 10-5 / 6=6-5 / 10=1 / 10\)

\section*{Exercise}
1. \(3 / 7-2 / 7=\)
2. \(8 / 20-5 / 20=\)
3. \(10 / 1 / 5-7 / 15=\)
4. \(13 / 25-8 / 25=\)

\section*{Word problems involving subtraction}

On fraction

\section*{Example}
1. A boy had \(5 / 6\) of the cake. Heat \(2 / 6\).

What fraction remained
\[
5 / 6-{ }^{-2 / 6}=5-2 / 6=3 / 6
\]

\section*{Example 2}

A girl had an orange. She gave away
\(34 / 4\) of it. What fraction remained?
\(4 / 4-3 / 4=1 / 4\)
1. John painted \(7 / 10\) of his house on Monday. What fraction of his house has not been painted?
2. A bowl was \({ }^{11 / 12}\) full of sugar. I used \(5 / 12\) what fraction remained what is the difference between \(5 / 7\) and \(3 / 7\)
3. A garden has 8 equal parts. 3parts out of 8 are planted with maize what fraction remained?

Multiplication of fractions
\(\frac{\mathrm{NXN}}{\mathrm{DXD}}=\stackrel{1 / 2 \times 1 / 2}{\frac{1 \mathrm{X} 1}{2 \mathrm{X} 2}}=\frac{1}{2}\)
\(\underline{1 \mathrm{X} 1}=1 / 4\)
2X2

\section*{TRIAL NUMBERS}

Multiply \(2 / 3 \times 3 / 5\)

\section*{Exercise}
1. \(1 / 4 \times 1 / 2\)
2. \(3 / 6 \mathrm{x}^{2 / 6}\)
3. \(1 / 3 \mathrm{x}^{2 / 7}\)
4. \(2 / 7 \mathrm{X}^{3 / 6}\)

\section*{Exercise}```

